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SCREENING OF OLDER DRIVERS

Statement on reduced risk is misleading

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O'Neill makes a plausible case for rethinking attitudes to older drivers. However, his description of key current literature—"the risk of serious injury to children is halved if driven by grandparents rather than parents"—is misleading.²

Unless they read the source paper, readers would not realise that the risk referred to is contingent on being in a car crash. It is not the risk per journey or per distance travelled, but it is a measure only of the consequences if a crash occurs. This is summed up in the final sentences of the source paper. "Finally, our study does not include information about non-crash exposure to vehicle travel. Therefore we cannot estimate the overall risk

of crash occurrence or child injury for grandparent versus parent driven child passengers; rather, we can only compare this risk of injury for those child passengers involved in crashes."

Competing interests: None declared.

- O'Neill D. Medical screening of older drivers is not evidence based. BMJ 2012;345:e6371. (25 September.)
- Henretig FM, Durbin DR, Kallan MJ, Winston FK. Grandparents driving grandchildren: an evaluation of child passenger safety and injuries. *Pediatrics* 2011;128:289-95.

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